

Myland & Braiswick Neighbourhood Plan Review

Strategic Environmental Assessment (SEA) Screening Determination

January 2023

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Myland & Braiswick Neighbourhood Plan Review Strategic Environmental Assessment (SEA)

1. Introduction

The Strategic Environmental Assessment (SEA) Directive (2001/42/EC) on the assessment of the effects of certain plans and programmes requires an environmental assessment to be made of certain plans or programmes. The objective of SEA, as defined in the Government's guidance on strategic environmental assessment, is 'to provide for a high level of protection of the environment and contribute to the integration of environmental considerations into the preparation and adoption of plans....with a view to promoting sustainable development' (Article 1). The SEA Directive has been transposed into UK law through the Environmental Assessment of Plans and Programmes Regulations 2004.

Planning Practice Guidance - Strategic environmental assessment and sustainability appraisal: Sustainability appraisal requirements for neighbourhood plans (2014) states that *'in some limited circumstances, where a neighbourhood plan could have significant environmental effects, it may fall within the scope of the Environmental Assessment of Plans and Programmes Regulations 2004 and so require a strategic environmental assessment.'*

2. The Screening Process

Colchester Borough Council, as the relevant Local Planning Authority (LPA), have been approached to provide a screening opinion on whether the proposed neighbourhood plan will require a Strategic Environmental Assessment. Whether a neighbourhood plan requires a strategic environmental assessment, and (if so) the level of detail needed, will depend on what is proposed in the draft neighbourhood plan.

This document sets out that screening opinion based on the scope of, and detail contained within the draft Myland & Braiswick Neighbourhood Plan (Review Spring 2022).

Environmental Regulations Paragraph	SEA Requirement	Comments
	 (a) subject to preparation or adoption by an authority at national, regional or local 	
	forestry, fisheries, energy, industry, transport, waste management, water	Yes, the plan is prepared for town and country planning purposes and sets the framework for future development consent of projects listed in Annex I or II

Table 1: Establishing the Need for SEA

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	tourism, town and country planning or to Council Directive 85/337/EEC (urban land use, and does it (b) sets the development projects). framework for future development consent of projects listed in Annex I or II to Council Directive 85/337/EEC on the assessment of the effects of certain public and private projects on the environment, as amended by Council Directive 97/11/EC(9)?	
4(c)	Is the plan or programme likely to have significant environmental effects? Neighbourhood Plan is likely to have positive environmental effects through a variety of policies that promote the achievement of sustainable development. However, the plan is unlikely to have significant environmental effects.	
6	Does the plan (a) determine the use of a (a) Yes, the plan determines the use of a small area at local level; or (b) is a minorsmall area of land at local level. modification to a plan or programme of (b) The plan is a minor modification to the the description set out in either of those Colchester Local Plan. paragraphs?	
5(3)	Has it been determined that the planNo (see HRA screening opinion). requires an assessment pursuant to Article 6 or 7 of the Habitats Directive?	
The local planning authority has concluded that the Myland and Braiswick Neighbourhood Plan is not likely to have significant environmental effects and consequently a Strategic Environmental Assessment (SEA) is not required. The criteria specified in Schedule 1 to the Environmental Assessment of Plans and Programmes Regulations 2004 has been taken into account in reaching		

3. Significance of effects on the environment

prior to the local planning authority making a formal determination.

To decide whether a draft neighbourhood plan might have significant environmental effects, its potential scope should be assessed against the criteria set out in Schedule 1 to the Environmental Assessment of Plans and Programmes Regulations 2004, or Annex II of the SEA Directive 2001/42/EC.

this conclusion. Under regulation 9(2)(b) the consultation bodies must be consulted on this conclusion

When deciding on whether the proposals are likely to have significant environmental effects, the local planning authority should consult the statutory consultation bodies. Where the local planning authority determines that the plan is unlikely to have significant environmental effects (and, accordingly, does not require an environmental assessment), it should prepare a statement of its reasons for the determination. Where a statement of reasons is provided in respect of a neighbourhood plan a copy of the statement should be provided to the qualifying body in order that the statement can be made available to the independent examiner; for example, by including it in the basic conditions statement.

Where a neighbourhood plan is likely to have a significant effect on the environment a strategic environmental assessment must be carried out.

The following table explores the potential scope of the Myland and Braiswick Neighbourhood Plan against the criteria set out in Schedule 1 to the Environmental Assessment of Plans and Programmes Regulations 2004.

Table 2: Schedule 1 Criteria for Determining the Likely Significance of Effects on the Environment

SEA Requirement	Comments		
1. The characteristics of plans and programmes, having regard, in particular, to -			
a framework for projects and other activities, either with regard to the location, nature, size and	The plan sets the framework for development proposals within the neighbourhood plan area. Neighbourhood Plans must be in conformity with the development plan, for Colchester in this case, and so whilst there will be differences between policies		
	(as without which there is no point in preparing a Neighbourhood Plan) the Neighbourhood Plan will effectively be a minor modification to the development plan. The plan includes policies that are specific to the neighbourhood plan area.		
(b) the degree to which the plan or programme	· ·		
	plan. However strategic policies of the Borough		
those in a hierarchy;	Council's adopted plans take priority, and the site allocations are made in the Local Plan.		
integration of environmental considerations in particular with a view to promoting sustainable development;	The plan will promote sustainable development through addressing objectives on the following topics: climate change, natural and historic environment, social amenity and sustainable transport.		
programme; and	There are no environmental problems relevant to this plan. The qualifying body has identified problems, which this plan seeks to address.		
(e) the relevance of the plan or programme for the implementation of Community legislation on the environment (for example, plans and programmes linked to waste management or water protection).			
2. Characteristics of the effects and of the area likely to be affected, having regard, in particular, to -			
reversibility of the effects; pr ne pla	fects are likely beyond the plan period. There is a high obability of positive effects as once adopted the sighbourhood plan will form part of the development an and will be used to determine planning applications Myland and Braiswick.		
	ne cumulative effect of this plan and the Borough's local an will result in positive effects.		
(c) the transboundary nature of the effects; Th	nere are no transboundary effects; this plan applies to e neighbourhood plan area only.		
(d) the risks to human health or the environment Th (for example, due to accidents);	ne plan poses no risk to human health.		
effects (geographical area and size of thepla population likely to be affected);			
	yland and Braiswick is not an environmentally Inerable area. There are no nationally designated ature conservation sites.		

(ii) exceeded environmental quality standards or There are listed buildings within the plan area			
	of these are likely to be affected by the proposals in the		
(iii) intensive land-use; and	plan, which does not allocate sites for development.		
(g) the effects on areas or landscapes which	The landscape surrounding the neighbourhood plan area		
have a recognised national, Community ori	s not recognised at national or international level.		
international protection status.	-		

4. Consultation

The environmental consultation bodies were consulted on the SEA screening opinion in October 2022. Their consultation responses are set out below.

Historic England

Thank you for inviting Historic England to comment on this consultation. As the Government's adviser on the historic environment Historic England is keen to ensure that the protection of the historic environment is fully taken into account at all stages and levels of the local planning process. Therefore we welcome this opportunity to review the Screening Report for this plan. For the purposes of this consultation, Historic England will confine its advice to the question, "Is it (the Myland & Braiswick Neighbourhood Plan) likely to have a significant effect on the historic environment?". Our comments are based on the information supplied with the Screening Opinion.

The Screening Report indicates that the Council considers that the plan will not have any significant effects on the historic environment. We note that the plan does not propose to allocate any sites for development.

On the basis of the information supplied, and in the context of the criteria set out in Schedule 1 of the Environmental Assessment Regulations [Annex II of 'SEA' Directive], Historic England concurs with the Council that the preparation of a Strategic Environmental Assessment is not required.

The views of the other two statutory consultation bodies should be taken into account before the overall decision on the need for an SEA is made.

I should be pleased if you can send a copy of the determination as required by REG 11 of the Environmental Assessment of Plans and Programmes Regulations 2004.

We should like to stress that this opinion is based on the information provided by you with your correspondence. To avoid any doubt, this does not reflect our obligation to provide further advice on later stages of the SEA process and, potentially, object to specific proposals which may subsequently arise (either as a result of this consultation or in later versions of the plan) where we consider that, despite the SEA, these would have an adverse effect upon the environment.

Historic England strongly advises that the conservation and archaeological staff of the relevant local authorities are closely involved throughout the preparation of the plan and

its assessment. They are best placed to advise on; local historic environment issues and priorities, including access to data held in the Historic Environment Record (HER), how the allocation, policy or proposal can be tailored to minimise potential adverse impacts on the historic environment; the nature and design of any required mitigation measures; and opportunities for securing wider benefits for the future conservation and management of heritage assets.

Natural England

Thank you for your consultation on the above dated 27 October 2022 which was received by Natural England on 27 October 2022

Natural England is a non-departmental public body. Our statutory purpose is to ensure that the natural environment is conserved, enhanced, and managed for the benefit of present and future generations, thereby contributing to sustainable development.

Habitat Regulations Assessment

Natural England concurs with the findings of the HRA Screening report.

Screening Request: Strategic Environmental Assessment

It is our advice, on the basis of the material supplied with the consultation, that, in so far as our strategic environmental interests (including but not limited to statutory designated sites, landscapes and protected species, geology and soils) are concerned, that there are unlikely to be significant environmental effects from the proposed plan.

Neighbourhood Plan

Guidance on the assessment of Neighbourhood Plans, in light of the Environmental Assessment of Plans and Programmes Regulations 2004 (as amended), is contained within the National Planning Practice Guidance. The guidance highlights three triggers that may require the production of an SEA, for instance where:

- a neighbourhood plan allocates sites for development
- the neighbourhood area contains sensitive natural or heritage assets that may be affected by the proposals in the plan
- the neighbourhood plan may have significant environmental effects that have not already been considered and dealt with through a sustainability appraisal of the Local Plan.

We have checked our records and based on the information provided, we can confirm that in our view the proposals contained within the plan will not have significant effects on sensitive sites that Natural England has a statutory duty to protect.

We are not aware of <u>significant</u> populations of protected species which are likely to be affected by the policies / proposals within the plan. It remains the case, however, that the responsible authority should provide information supporting this screening decision, sufficient to assess whether protected species are likely to be affected.

Notwithstanding this advice, Natural England does not routinely maintain locally specific data on all potential environmental assets. As a result the responsible authority should raise environmental issues that we have not identified on local or national biodiversity action plan species and/or habitats, local wildlife sites or local landscape character, with its own ecological and/or landscape advisers, local record centre, recording society or wildlife body on the local landscape and biodiversity receptors that may be affected by this plan, before determining whether an SA/SEA is necessary.

Please note that Natural England reserves the right to provide further comments on the environmental assessment of the plan beyond this SEA/SA screening stage, should the responsible authority seek our views on the scoping or environmental report stages. This includes any third party appeal against any screening decision you may make.

Environment Agency

No comment

5. Screening Determination

The Myland and Braiswick Neighbourhood Plan determines the use of a small area at local level and is effectively a minor modification to the Colchester Local Plan. The plan will result in positive, long-term effects. However, none of these effects will be significant. Therefore, the LPA has concluded that the Review of the Myland and Braiswick Neighbourhood Plan will not require an assessment of the significant environmental effects of the plan under the SEA Directive and Environmental Assessment Regulations based on the content of the draft Myland and Braiswick Neighbourhood Plan (Review) (Spring 2022).